

## Fakultät für Sozialwissenschaft, Veranstaltungskommentierung für das SoSe 2023

<b>Veranstaltungsnummer, Veranstaltungstitel (deutsch &amp; englisch), Dozent*in</b>
Crisis of liberal international order: Global power shifts and domestic discontents (IntBez I, IntStruk II) Melis Baydag Mo, 14-16 Uhr
<b>Beschreibung</b>
The Western-dominated, liberal international order (LIO) and its institutions have been challenged by global power shifts due to the rise of developing countries, or emerging powers, as well as from within, that is, through the rise of anti-establishment movements, populist political parties and leaders in Western societies. The crisis of LIO has created deadlocks for multilateralism, the more it deepens in scope and scale. The seminar deals with the current challenges to LIO in various issue areas of global politics, namely, security, trade, development, migration and climate change. It concentrates on (i) global power shifts resulting from an increased power position of emerging powers (e.g., BRICS, MIKTA) vis-à-vis Western powers (e.g., the US and the EU member states); (ii) domestic discontents in Western industrialized countries, such as, Trump's election as the president of the United States; and (iii) major challenges to LIO's key institutions (i.e., the UN, the EU, the WTO, and NATO), such as, the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union, or Turkey's ambiguous position in NATO concerning Russia's war in Ukraine. The students will be familiarized with analytical knowledge of key International Relations theories (neorealism, institutionalism, constructivism, and liberalism/domestic politics approaches), and conduct theory-oriented empirical analyses in cases pertaining to the challenges to LIO. The seminar aims to uncover the reasons for the crisis of LIO, the conditions under which it emerges and what it means for global politics.
<b>Voraussetzungen für Studiennachweise / Modulprüfungen</b>
Studiennachweis: aktive Teilnahme an der wöchentlichen Diskussion der jeweiligen Referate, fristgerechte Abgabe der Literaturberichte in der 3. und 4. Sitzung, Übernahme eines Referats mit Thesenpapier, Powerpoint-Präsentation und Diskussionsfragen. Modulprüfung: wie Studiennachweis inklusive Hausarbeit bzw. mündlicher Prüfung.
<b>Teilnahmevoraussetzungen</b>
Teilnahme an der Vorlesung „Einführung in die Internationalen Beziehungen“, Anmeldung per Campus Office, Anfertigung von Literaturberichten (eine Seite Zusammenfassung pro Text) zu den unten stehenden Texten bis zur 3. und 4. Sitzung.
<b>Literturhinweise</b>
Ikenberry, J. (2018). The end of liberal international order? <i>International Affairs</i> 94(1), 7-23. Schirm. S. (2019). In pursuit of self-determination and redistribution: emerging powers and Western anti-establishment voters in international politics. <i>Global Affairs</i> 5(2), 115-130. Baumann, R., Rittberger, V., & Wagner, W. (2001). Neorealist foreign policy theory. In V. Rittberger (ed.) <i>German foreign policy since unification: Theories and case studies</i> (pp. 37–67). Manchester und New York. Keohane, R.O. (1988) International Institutions: Two Approaches. <i>International Studies Quarterly</i> 32(4), 379-396. Lake, D., Martin, L., & Risse, T. (2021). Challenges to the Liberal Order: Reflections on International Organization. <i>International Organization</i> 75, 225-257. Schirm. S. (2022). Globalisation, divided societies and nation-centred economic policies in America and Britain. <i>European Review of International Studies</i> 9(2), 240-269.